

This worksheet solves Taylor's ODE to determine the instantaneous geostrophic flow, both analytically where possible and numerically using a least squares scheme.

The Taylor equation is in general not valid due to an incorrect treatment of the boundary conditions and so these solutions are not correct, except for the specific case of purely toroidal non-axisymmetric magnetic fields.

```
> restart:
> Digits := 50:
> with(orthopoly, P):
  with(VectorCalculus):
  SetCoordinates(cartesian[x,y,z]):
```

## > # Define some useful routines to construct spherical harmonics

```
> # L1 is theta-factor in spherical harmonic (note that P(l,x) is
  the l-th Legendre polynomial)
```

```
> L1 := (l,m) -> if type(m, numeric) then if m <> 0 then sin(theta)
  ^abs(m) * subs(z=cos(theta), diff(P(l,z), z$abs(m))) else P(l, cos
  (theta)) end if else 'L1'(l,m) end if;
```

```
L1 := (l,m) -> if type(m, numeric) then
```

$$\text{if } m \neq 0 \text{ then } \sin(\theta)^{|m|} \text{subs}\left(z = \cos(\theta), \frac{\partial^{|m|}}{\partial z^{|m|}} P(l, z)\right) \text{ else } P(l, \cos(\theta)) \text{ end if}$$

```
  else 'L1'(l,m) end if
```

```
> # Lp is phi-factor
```

```
> Lp := m -> if type(m, numeric) then if m = 0 then 1 elif m < 0
  then sin(-m*phi) else cos(m*phi) end if else 'Lp'(m) end if;
```

```
Lp := m -> if type(m, numeric) then
```

$$\text{if } m = 0 \text{ then } 1 \text{ elif } m < 0 \text{ then } \sin(-m\phi) \text{ else } \cos(m\phi) \text{ end if}$$

```
  else 'Lp'(m) end if
```

```
> # norm of L1*Lp is integral of (L1*Lp)^2 over sphere is int((L1*
  Lp)^2 * sin(theta), theta=0..Pi, phi=0..2*Pi)
```

```
> L2norm_squared := (l,m) -> int(L1(l,m)^2 * sin(theta), theta=0..
  Pi) * int(Lp(m)^2, phi=0..2*Pi) / (4*Pi);
```

```
L2norm_squared := (l,m) -> VectorCalculus:-int(L1(l,m)^2 sin(theta), theta=0..Pi) VectorCalculus:-
```

$$\text{int}(Lp(m)^2, \phi = 0..2\pi) \frac{1}{4\pi}$$

```
> # L2 is Schmidt quasi-normalised spherical harmonic
```

```
> L2 := (l,m) -> if type(l, numeric) and type(m, numeric) then L1(l,
  m) * Lp(m) / sqrt(L2norm_squared(l,m)) / sqrt(2*l+1) else 'L2'(l,
  m) end if;
```

```
L2 := (l,m) -> if type(l, numeric) and type(m, numeric) then
```

$$L1(l,m) Lp(m) \frac{1}{\sqrt{L2norm\_squared(l,m)}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2l+1}}$$

```
  else 'L2'(l,m) end if
```

```
> # Convert an expression in spherical coordinates to Cartesian
```

```

coordinates.
> sph2cart := proc(expr)
    local res;
    res := expand(expr, trig);
    res := subs(cos(phi) = x/(r*sin(theta)), sin(phi) = y/(r*sin
(theta)), res);
    res := subs(cos(theta) = z/r, sin(theta) = sqrt(x^2+y^2)/r,
res);
    res := subs(r = sqrt(x^2+y^2+z^2), res);
    return simplify(res)
end proc;
> # Construct vector field from poloidal and toroidal scalars
scalars2vf := proc(tor_scalar, pol_scalar)
    return simplify(Curl(VectorField(sph2cart(tor_scalar/r) * <x,
y,z>))
+ Curl(Curl(VectorField(sph2cart(pol_scalar/r)
* <x,y,z>))))
end proc;
> # Define basis functions for the poloidal flow which vanish at r=
1. Degree is l+2n-1.
> Chi_n := (l,n) -> r^(l+1) * (1-r^2) * P(n-1,3/2,l+1/2,2*r^2-1): #
curl of this is basis for poloidal part
> W_n := (l,n) -> r^(l+1) * P(n,-1/2,l+1/2,2*r^2-1): # curl^2 of
this is basis for toroidal part
> Psi_n := proc (l, n) options operator, arrow; r^(l+1)*((-2*n^2*
(l+1)-n*(l+1)*(2*l-1)-l*(2*l+1))*P(n, 0, l+1/2, 2*r^2-1)+((2*l+2)
*n^2+(2*l+3)*(l+1)*n+(2*l+1)^2)*P(n-1, 0, l+1/2, 2*r^2-1)+4*n*l+
l*(2*l+1))end proc

```

$$\begin{aligned}
 \Psi_n := (l, n) \rightarrow & r^{l+1} \left( \left( \text{VectorCalculus:-}\left(2 n^2 (l+1)\right) + \text{VectorCalculus:-}\left(n (l \right. \right. \right. \\
 & \left. \left. + 1) (2 l + (-1))\right) + \text{VectorCalculus:-}\left(l (2 l + 1)\right) \right) P\left(n, 0, l+1 \frac{1}{2}, 2 r^2 + (-1)\right) \\
 & + \left((2 l+2) n^2 + (2 l+3) (l+1) n + (2 l+1)^2\right) P\left(n + (-1), 0, l+1 \frac{1}{2}, 2 r^2 + ( \right. \\
 & \left. \left. -1)\right) + 4 n l + l (2 l+1) \right)
 \end{aligned} \tag{5}$$

## > # Define magnetic field

```

> # choose a number corresponding to the chosen magnetic field 1=
axisymmetric poloidal, 2=nonaxisymmetric toroidal, 3=
nonaxisymmetric poloidal, 4=nonaxisymmetric mixed state

```

```

> k := 1;
k := 1
\tag{6}

```

```

> if k=1 then B_scalar_tor := 0 : B_scalar_pol := eval( r^2 * (30 * r^4 - 57 * r^2 + 25)
* L2(l, m), {l=1, m=0, n=1})
end if

```

$$\begin{aligned}
 B\_scalar\_tor &:= 0 \\
 B\_scalar\_pol &:= r^2 (30 r^4 - 57 r^2 + 25) \cos(\theta)
 \end{aligned} \tag{7}$$

```

> if k=2 then B_scalar_tor := simplify(eval(Chi_n(l,n)·L2(l,m), {l=1, m=1, n=1})) :
  B_scalar_pol := 0
end if
> if k=3 then B_scalar_tor := 0 : B_scalar_pol := eval(Psi_n(l,n)·L2(l,m), {l=2, m=2, n
  =1})
end
> if k=4 then B_scalar_tor := eval(Chi_n(l,n)·L2(l,m), {l=2, m=1, n=1}) :
  B_scalar_pol := eval(Psi_n(l,n)·L2(l,m), {l=2, m=1, n=1})
end if

```

```

> B_cart_pol := scalars2vf(0, B_scalar_pol);
B_cart_pol := ( -120 x3 z - 120 x y2 z - 120 x z3 + 114 x z)  $\bar{e}_x$  + ( -120 x2 y z - 120 y3 z
  - 120 y z3 + 114 y z)  $\bar{e}_y$  + ( 180 x4 + 360 x2 y2 + 240 x2 z2 + 180 y4 + 240 y2 z2 + 60 z4
  - 228 x2 - 228 y2 - 114 z2 + 50)  $\bar{e}_z$ 

```

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```

> B_cart_tor := scalars2vf(B_scalar_tor, 0);
B_cart_tor := 0  $\bar{e}_x$ 

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> B_sph_pol := simplify(MapToBasis(B_cart_pol, spherical[r, theta, phi]));
B_sph_pol := ( ( 60 r4 - 114 r2 + 50) cos(θ) )  $\bar{e}_r$  + ( ( -180 r4 + 228 r2 - 50) sin(θ) )  $\bar{e}_\theta$ 

```

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> B_sph_tor := simplify(MapToBasis(B_cart_tor, spherical[r, theta, phi]));
B_sph_tor := 0  $\bar{e}_r$ 

```

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```

> SetCoordinates(spherical[r, theta, phi]);
sphericalr, θ, φ

```

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> #Scale the magnetic field

```

> Scale_pol := sqrt( ( 1 / (4·Pi) · int(int(int(A_pol·B_sph_pol·B_sph_pol·r2·sin(theta), phi=0..2
  · Pi), theta=0..Pi), r=0..1) );
Scale_pol := 2 / 231 √1188726 √A_pol

```

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> if Scale_pol=0 then A_pol=0
  else A_pol := simplify(solve(Scale_pol=1, A_pol)); end if;
A_pol := 231 / 20584

```

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> Scale_tor := sqrt( ( 1 / (4·Pi) · int(int(int(A_tor·B_sph_tor·B_sph_tor·r2·sin(theta), phi=0..2

```

$\cdot \text{Pi}), \text{theta} = 0 \dots \text{Pi}), r = 0 \dots 1) \Big);$

$\text{Scale\_tor} := 0$

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**> if  $\text{Scale\_tor} = 0$  then  $A\_tor = 0$**

**else  $A\_tor := \text{simplify}(\text{solve}(\text{Scale\_tor} = 1, A\_tor))$  end if;**

$A\_tor = 0$

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**> SetCoordinates(cartesian[x, y, z]) :**

**>  $B\_cart := \text{scalars2vf}(\text{sqrt}(A\_tor) \cdot B\_scalar\_tor, \text{sqrt}(A\_pol) \cdot B\_scalar\_pol);$**

$B\_cart := \left( -\frac{30}{2573} \sqrt{1188726} x y^2 z - \frac{30}{2573} \sqrt{1188726} x^3 z - \frac{30}{2573} \sqrt{1188726} x z^3 \right.$

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$+ \frac{57}{5146} \sqrt{1188726} x z) \bar{e}_x + \left( -\frac{30}{2573} \sqrt{1188726} x^2 y z - \frac{30}{2573} \sqrt{1188726} y^3 z \right.$

$- \frac{30}{2573} \sqrt{1188726} y z^3 + \frac{57}{5146} \sqrt{1188726} y z) \bar{e}_y + \left( \frac{90}{2573} \sqrt{1188726} x^2 y^2 \right.$

$+ \frac{60}{2573} \sqrt{1188726} x^2 z^2 + \frac{60}{2573} \sqrt{1188726} y^2 z^2 + \frac{45}{2573} \sqrt{1188726} x^4$

$+ \frac{45}{2573} \sqrt{1188726} y^4 + \frac{15}{2573} \sqrt{1188726} z^4 - \frac{57}{2573} \sqrt{1188726} x^2$

$- \frac{57}{2573} \sqrt{1188726} y^2 - \frac{57}{5146} \sqrt{1188726} z^2 + \frac{25}{5146} \sqrt{1188726} \Big) \bar{e}_z$

**>  $B\_sph := \text{simplify}(\text{MapToBasis}(B\_cart, \text{spherical}[r, \text{theta}, \text{phi}]));$**

$B\_sph := \frac{1}{5146} \cos(\theta) \sqrt{1188726} (30 r^4 - 57 r^2 + 25) \bar{e}_r$

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$- \frac{1}{5146} \sin(\theta) \sqrt{1188726} (90 r^4 - 114 r^2 + 25) \bar{e}_\theta$

**> # Compute rhs of magnetostrophic equation**

**> # slaved equation is  $\Omega \text{ cross } u = -\text{div}(p) + \text{curl}(B) \text{ cross } B$ , we ignore the pressure**

**>  $\text{RHS} := \text{CrossProduct}(\text{Curl}(B\_cart), B\_cart); \text{simplify}(\text{RHS});$**

$- \frac{3465}{5146} x (28 x^2 + 28 y^2 + 28 z^2 - 19) (90 x^4 + 180 x^2 y^2 + 120 x^2 z^2 + 90 y^4 + 120 y^2 z^2$

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$+ 30 z^4 - 114 x^2 - 114 y^2 - 57 z^2 + 25) \bar{e}_x - \frac{3465}{5146} y (28 x^2 + 28 y^2 + 28 z^2 - 19) (90 x^4$

$$+ 180 x^2 y^2 + 120 x^2 z^2 + 90 y^4 + 120 y^2 z^2 + 30 z^4 - 114 x^2 - 114 y^2 - 57 z^2 + 25) \bar{e}_y \\ - \frac{2910600}{2573} (x^2 + y^2) \left( x^2 + y^2 + z^2 - \frac{19}{28} \right) \left( x^2 + y^2 + z^2 - \frac{19}{20} \right) z \bar{e}_z$$

```
> map(factor, simplify(MapToBasis(RHS, spherical[r,theta,phi]]));  
# for comparison
```

$$- \frac{3465}{5146} \sin(\theta)^2 (28 r^2 - 19) (90 r^4 - 114 r^2 + 25) r \bar{e}_r - \frac{3465}{5146} \cos(\theta) r \sin(\theta) (28 r^2 - 19) (30 r^4 - 57 r^2 + 25) \bar{e}_\theta \quad (20)$$

```
> # Construct basis for u
```

```
> # Let N be the degree of B. Then the degree of curl(B) cross B is  
(N-1) + N = 2N-1. Thus the degree of u is also 2N-1. Thus, the  
poloidal scalar has degree 2N+1 (we have to undo two curls) and  
the toroidal scalar has degree 2N. Furthermore, the m-degree of  
curl(B) cross B is twice the m-degree of B.
```

```
> B_degree := max(seq(degree(B_cart[idx], {x,y,z}), idx = 1 .. 3));  
B_degree := 4 \quad (21)
```

```
> Max_pol_degree := 2 * B_degree + 1; Max_tor_degree := 2 *  
B_degree;
```

```
Max_pol_degree := 9  
Max_tor_degree := 8 \quad (22)
```

```
> Max_m_degree := 2 * max(seq(degree(expand(B_sph[idx], trig), {cos  
(phi), sin(phi)}), idx = 1 .. 3));  
Max_m_degree := 0 \quad (23)
```

```
> # For the particular example here, certain modes are zero, but we  
will not exploit this knowledge.
```

```
> # Also note that unless B is a Taylor state, there will be no  
solution to the magnetostrophic equation.
```

```
> u_scalar_pol := add(add(add(S[l,m,n] * L2(l,m) * Chi_n(l,n),  
m = -min(l, Max_m_degree) .. min(l,  
Max_m_degree)),  
n = 1 .. (Max_pol_degree - l + 1) /  
2),  
l = 1 .. Max_pol_degree);
```

```
> u_scalar_tor := add(add(add(T[l,m,n] * L2(l,m) * W_n(l,n),  
m = -min(l, Max_m_degree) .. min(l,  
Max_m_degree)),  
n = 0 .. floor((Max_tor_degree - l +  
1)/2)),  
l = 1 .. Max_tor_degree);
```

```
> coeff(u_scalar_pol, S[2,-2,2]);  
0 \quad (24)
```

```
> # u is poloidal part (curl^2 of scalar times hat r) + toroidal  
part (curl of scalar times hat r)
```

```
> u_cart := scalars2vf(u_scalar_tor, u_scalar_pol):
```

```
> variables := indets(u_cart, indexed);
```

```
variables := {S_{1,0,1}, S_{1,0,2}, S_{1,0,3}, S_{1,0,4}, S_{2,0,1}, S_{2,0,2}, S_{2,0,3}, S_{2,0,4}, S_{3,0,1}, S_{3,0,2}, S_{3,0,3}, \quad (25)
```

$$\{S_{4,0,1}, S_{4,0,2}, S_{4,0,3}, S_{5,0,1}, S_{5,0,2}, S_{6,0,1}, S_{6,0,2}, S_{7,0,1}, S_{8,0,1}, T_{1,0,0}, T_{1,0,1}, T_{1,0,2}, T_{1,0,3}, T_{1,0,4}, T_{2,0,0}, T_{2,0,1}, T_{2,0,2}, T_{2,0,3}, T_{3,0,0}, T_{3,0,1}, T_{3,0,2}, T_{3,0,3}, T_{4,0,0}, T_{4,0,1}, T_{4,0,2}, T_{5,0,0}, T_{5,0,1}, T_{5,0,2}, T_{6,0,0}, T_{6,0,1}, T_{7,0,0}, T_{7,0,1}, T_{8,0,0}\}$$

**> # Compute lhs of magnetostrophic equation**

**> # slaved equation is Omega cross u = -div(p) + curl(B) cross B**  
**> Omega\_vec := VectorField([0,0,1]); # rotation vector in cartesian coordinates**

$$\Omega_{\text{vec}} := \bar{e}_z$$

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**> LHS := CrossProduct(Omega\_vec, u\_cart);**

**> # Solve magnetostrophic equation for basis coefficients**

**> # take the curl of slaved equation; pressure drops out**  
**> eqn := simplify(Curl(LHS - RHS));**  
**> constraints := `union`(seq({coeffs(collect(eqn[i], [x,y,z], distributed), [x,y,z])}, i=1..3));**  
**> nops(constraints); nops(variables);**

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**> sol1 := solve(constraints, variables);**

$$\text{sol1} := \left\{ S_{1,0,1}=0, S_{1,0,2}=0, S_{1,0,3}=0, S_{1,0,4}=0, S_{2,0,1}=0, S_{2,0,2}=0, S_{2,0,3}=0, S_{2,0,4}=0, \right. \quad (28)$$

$$S_{3,0,1}=0, S_{3,0,2}=0, S_{3,0,3}=0, S_{4,0,1}=0, S_{4,0,2}=0, S_{4,0,3}=0, S_{5,0,1}=0, S_{5,0,2}=0, S_{6,0,1}$$

$$=0, S_{6,0,2}=0, S_{7,0,1}=0, S_{8,0,1}=0, T_{1,0,0}=T_{1,0,0}, T_{1,0,1}=T_{1,0,1}, T_{1,0,2}=T_{1,0,2}, T_{1,0,3}$$

$$=T_{1,0,3}, T_{1,0,4}=0, T_{2,0,0}=0, T_{2,0,1}=0, T_{2,0,2}=0, T_{2,0,3}=0, T_{3,0,0} = \frac{27489}{10292}$$

$$- \frac{1}{2} T_{1,0,1}, T_{3,0,1} = -\frac{23177}{2573} - \frac{14}{27} T_{1,0,2}, T_{3,0,2} = \frac{7350}{2573} - \frac{35}{66} T_{1,0,3}, T_{3,0,3}=0,$$

$$T_{4,0,0}=0, T_{4,0,1}=0, T_{4,0,2}=0, T_{5,0,0} = \frac{16555}{2573} + \frac{10}{27} T_{1,0,2}, T_{5,0,1} = -\frac{69300}{33449}$$

$$+ \frac{5}{13} T_{1,0,3}, T_{5,0,2}=0, T_{6,0,0}=0, T_{6,0,1}=0, T_{7,0,0} = \frac{55125}{33449} - \frac{175}{572} T_{1,0,3}, T_{7,0,1}=0,$$

$$T_{8,0,0}=0 \}$$

**> # set geostrophic component to zero to remove degeneracy**

**> u\_soln := simplify(subs(sol1, u\_cart));**

$$\begin{aligned}
u_{\text{soln}} := & -\frac{3675}{64} \left( \left( -\frac{5412}{2573} + T_{1,0,3} \right) y^6 + \left( \left( -\frac{16236}{2573} + 3 T_{1,0,3} \right) x^2 + \frac{55176}{12865} \right. \right. \\
& - \frac{12}{7} T_{1,0,3} + \frac{16}{63} T_{1,0,2} + \frac{25344}{2573} z^2 \Big) y^4 + \left( \left( -\frac{16236}{2573} + 3 T_{1,0,3} \right) x^4 + \left( \frac{50688}{2573} z^2 \right. \right. \\
& + \frac{32}{63} T_{1,0,2} - \frac{24}{7} T_{1,0,3} + \frac{110352}{12865} \Big) x^2 - \frac{32}{105} T_{1,0,2} + \frac{6}{7} T_{1,0,3} - \frac{5280}{2573} \\
& - \frac{240768}{12865} z^2 + \frac{16}{245} T_{1,0,1} + \frac{25344}{2573} z^4 \Big) y^2 + \left( -\frac{5412}{2573} + T_{1,0,3} \right) x^6 + \left( \frac{55176}{12865} \right. \\
& - \frac{12}{7} T_{1,0,3} + \frac{16}{63} T_{1,0,2} + \frac{25344}{2573} z^2 \Big) x^4 + \left( -\frac{32}{105} T_{1,0,2} + \frac{6}{7} T_{1,0,3} - \frac{5280}{2573} \right. \\
& - \frac{240768}{12865} z^2 + \frac{16}{245} T_{1,0,1} + \frac{25344}{2573} z^4 \Big) x^2 - \frac{32}{735} T_{1,0,1} + \frac{8}{105} T_{1,0,2} - \frac{4}{35} T_{1,0,3} \\
& + \frac{64}{3675} T_{1,0,0} + \frac{21120}{2573} z^2 - \frac{120384}{12865} z^4 + \frac{8448}{2573} z^6 \Big) y \bar{e}_x + \frac{3675}{64} \left( \left( -\frac{5412}{2573} \right. \right. \\
& + T_{1,0,3} \Big) x^6 + \left( \left( -\frac{16236}{2573} + 3 T_{1,0,3} \right) y^2 + \frac{55176}{12865} - \frac{12}{7} T_{1,0,3} + \frac{16}{63} T_{1,0,2} \right. \\
& + \frac{25344}{2573} z^2 \Big) x^4 + \left( \left( -\frac{16236}{2573} + 3 T_{1,0,3} \right) y^4 + \left( \frac{50688}{2573} z^2 + \frac{32}{63} T_{1,0,2} - \frac{24}{7} T_{1,0,3} \right. \right. \\
& + \frac{110352}{12865} \Big) y^2 - \frac{32}{105} T_{1,0,2} + \frac{6}{7} T_{1,0,3} - \frac{5280}{2573} - \frac{240768}{12865} z^2 + \frac{16}{245} T_{1,0,1} \\
& + \frac{25344}{2573} z^4 \Big) x^2 + \left( -\frac{5412}{2573} + T_{1,0,3} \right) y^6 + \left( \frac{55176}{12865} - \frac{12}{7} T_{1,0,3} + \frac{16}{63} T_{1,0,2} \right. \\
& + \frac{25344}{2573} z^2 \Big) y^4 + \left( -\frac{32}{105} T_{1,0,2} + \frac{6}{7} T_{1,0,3} - \frac{5280}{2573} - \frac{240768}{12865} z^2 + \frac{16}{245} T_{1,0,1} \right. \\
& + \frac{25344}{2573} z^4 \Big) y^2 - \frac{32}{735} T_{1,0,1} + \frac{8}{105} T_{1,0,2} - \frac{4}{35} T_{1,0,3} + \frac{64}{3675} T_{1,0,0} + \frac{21120}{2573} z^2 \\
& \left. - \frac{120384}{12865} z^4 + \frac{8448}{2573} z^6 \right) x \bar{e}_y
\end{aligned} \tag{29}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \textbf{> } u_{\text{cyl}} := \text{simplify}(\text{MapToBasis}(u_{\text{soln}}, \text{cylindrical}[s, \text{phi}, z])); \\
u_{\text{cyl}} := & \frac{3675}{64} \left( \left( -\frac{5412}{2573} + T_{1,0,3} \right) s^6 + \left( \frac{55176}{12865} - \frac{12}{7} T_{1,0,3} + \frac{16}{63} T_{1,0,2} \right. \right. \\
& + \frac{25344}{2573} z^2 \Big) s^4 + \left( -\frac{32}{105} T_{1,0,2} + \frac{6}{7} T_{1,0,3} - \frac{5280}{2573} - \frac{240768}{12865} z^2 + \frac{16}{245} T_{1,0,1} \right. \\
& + \frac{25344}{2573} z^4 \Big) s^2 + \frac{8448}{2573} z^6 - \frac{120384}{12865} z^4 + \frac{21120}{2573} z^2 + \frac{64}{3675} T_{1,0,0} - \frac{32}{735} T_{1,0,1} \\
& \left. + \frac{8}{105} T_{1,0,2} - \frac{4}{35} T_{1,0,3} \right) s \bar{e}_\phi
\end{aligned} \tag{30}$$

$$\textbf{> } \text{SetCoordinates}(\text{cylindrical}[s, \text{phi}, z]) \tag{31}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \textbf{> } \text{geostrophic\_component} := \text{simplify}((\text{int}(\text{int}(u_{\text{cyl}}[2], \text{phi} = 0 \dots 2 \cdot \text{Pi}), z = -\sqrt{-s^2 + 1} \dots \sqrt{-s^2 + 1}))/ (4 \cdot \text{Pi} \cdot \sqrt{-s^2 + 1}))) \\
\text{geostrophic\_component} := & \frac{3675}{64} \left( \left( T_{1,0,3} - \frac{349932}{90055} \right) s^6 + \left( \frac{16}{63} T_{1,0,2} - \frac{12}{7} T_{1,0,3} \right. \right.
\end{aligned} \tag{32}$$

$$\left[ \begin{aligned} & + \frac{4235352}{450275} \right) s^4 + \left( \frac{16}{245} T_{1,0,1} - \frac{32}{105} T_{1,0,2} + \frac{6}{7} T_{1,0,3} - \frac{3026144}{450275} \right) s^2 \\ & + \frac{64}{3675} T_{1,0,0} - \frac{32}{735} T_{1,0,1} + \frac{8}{105} T_{1,0,2} - \frac{4}{35} T_{1,0,3} + \frac{600512}{450275} \right) s \end{aligned} \right]$$

**> u\_cyl := simplify(u\_cyl - VectorField([0, geostrophic\_component, 0])); #remove geostrophic component from u\_cyl**

$$u_{cyl} := \frac{231}{2573} s (1140 s^6 + 6300 s^4 z^2 + 6300 s^2 z^4 + 2100 z^6 - 3273 s^4 - 11970 s^2 z^2 - 5985 z^4 + 2986 s^2 + 5250 z^2 - 853) \bar{e}_\phi \quad (33)$$

**> simplify(int(int( u\_cyl[2], z=-sqrt(1-s^2)..sqrt(1-s^2)), phi=0..2\*Pi)); #check that no geostrophic component remains**

$$0 \quad (34)$$

**> map(factor, simplify(MapToBasis(u\_soln, spherical[r,theta,phi]))) ; # added**

$$\begin{aligned} & - \frac{1}{494016} r \sin(\theta) \left( 8645280 r^2 T_{1,0,2} - 24314850 r^2 T_{1,0,3} - 7204400 r^4 T_{1,0,2} \right. \\ & + 48629700 r^4 T_{1,0,3} + 3241980 T_{1,0,3} - 2161320 T_{1,0,2} + 1235040 T_{1,0,1} \\ & - 494016 T_{1,0,0} - 1852560 r^2 T_{1,0,1} + 28367325 \cos(\theta)^6 r^6 T_{1,0,3} \\ & - 85101975 \cos(\theta)^4 r^6 T_{1,0,3} - 7204400 \cos(\theta)^4 r^4 T_{1,0,2} + 48629700 \cos(\theta)^4 r^4 T_{1,0,3} \\ & + 85101975 \cos(\theta)^2 r^6 T_{1,0,3} + 14408800 \cos(\theta)^2 r^4 T_{1,0,2} - 97259400 \cos(\theta)^2 r^4 T_{1,0,3} \\ & + 1852560 \cos(\theta)^2 r^2 T_{1,0,1} - 8645280 \cos(\theta)^2 r^2 T_{1,0,2} + 24314850 \cos(\theta)^2 r^2 T_{1,0,3} \\ & - 28367325 r^6 T_{1,0,3} + 59667300 r^6 - 291060000 r^2 \cos(\theta)^2 - 387109800 r^4 \cos(\theta)^4 \\ & - 152806500 r^6 \cos(\theta)^6 + 458419500 r^6 \cos(\theta)^4 - 458419500 r^6 \cos(\theta)^2 \\ & \left. + 774219600 r^4 \cos(\theta)^2 - 121663080 r^4 + 58212000 r^2 \right) \bar{e}_\phi \end{aligned} \quad (35)$$

**> # Construct the ODE for geostrophic flow**

**> B\_cyl := simplify(MapToBasis(B\_cart, cylindrical[s,phi,z]));**

$$B_{cyl} := -\frac{30}{2573} \sqrt{1188726} \left( s^2 + z^2 - \frac{19}{20} \right) z s \bar{e}_s + \frac{1}{5146} (90 s^4 + (120 z^2 - 114) s^2 + 30 z^4 - 57 z^2 + 25) \sqrt{1188726} \bar{e}_z \quad (36)$$

**> iint(int(CrossProduct(s·Curl(B\_cyl), B\_cyl)[2], z=-sqrt(1-s^2)..sqrt(1-s^2)), phi=0..2\*Pi); #check that it is taylor state**

$$0 \quad (37)$$



$$\left[ \begin{array}{l} \text{> } u_{\text{geo}} := ug(s) \cdot \text{VectorField}([0, 1, 0]); \text{\#introduce geostrophic component} \\ u_{\text{geo}} := (ug(s)) \bar{e}_{\phi} \end{array} \right. \quad (38)$$

$$\left[ \begin{array}{l} \text{> } B_{\text{cyl\_dot}} := \text{eval}(\text{Curl}(\text{CrossProduct}(u_{\text{cyl}}, B_{\text{cyl}})) + \text{Curl}(\text{CrossProduct}(u_{\text{geo}}, B_{\text{cyl}})) \\ \quad + \text{eta} \cdot \text{Laplacian}(B_{\text{cyl}})); \text{\# use induction equation} \\ B_{\text{cyl\_dot}} := \left( \eta \left( -\frac{1}{s^2} \left( -\frac{60}{2573} \sqrt{1188726} \left( s^2 + z^2 - \frac{19}{20} \right) z s - \frac{60}{2573} s^3 \sqrt{1188726} z \right. \right. \right. \\ \quad + \frac{1}{5146} s (240 s^2 z + 120 z^3 - 114 z) \sqrt{1188726} \Big) + \frac{1}{s} \left( -\frac{60}{2573} \sqrt{1188726} s^2 z \right. \\ \quad - \frac{60}{2573} \sqrt{1188726} \left( s^2 + z^2 - \frac{19}{20} \right) z + \frac{1}{5146} (240 s^2 z + 120 z^3 \\ \quad - 114 z) \sqrt{1188726} \Big) - \frac{420}{2573} \sqrt{1188726} z s \Big) \bar{e}_s + \left( \frac{231}{13240658} s (12600 s^4 z \right. \\ \quad + 25200 s^2 z^3 + 12600 z^5 - 23940 s^2 z - 23940 z^3 + 10500 z) (90 s^4 + (120 z^2 - 114) s^2 \\ \quad + 30 z^4 - 57 z^2 + 25) \sqrt{1188726} + \frac{231}{13240658} s (1140 s^6 + 6300 s^4 z^2 + 6300 s^2 z^4 \\ \quad + 2100 z^6 - 3273 s^4 - 11970 s^2 z^2 - 5985 z^4 + 2986 s^2 + 5250 z^2 - 853) (240 s^2 z \\ \quad + 120 z^3 - 114 z) \sqrt{1188726} - \frac{13860}{6620329} s (1140 s^6 + 6300 s^4 z^2 + 6300 s^2 z^4 + 2100 z^6 \\ \quad - 3273 s^4 - 11970 s^2 z^2 - 5985 z^4 + 2986 s^2 + 5250 z^2 - 853) \sqrt{1188726} \left( s^2 + z^2 \right. \\ \quad - \frac{19}{20} \Big) z - \frac{6930}{6620329} s^2 (6840 s^5 + 25200 s^3 z^2 + 12600 s z^4 - 13092 s^3 - 23940 s z^2 \\ \quad + 5972 s) \sqrt{1188726} \left( s^2 + z^2 - \frac{19}{20} \right) z - \frac{13860}{6620329} s^3 (1140 s^6 + 6300 s^4 z^2 \\ \quad + 6300 s^2 z^4 + 2100 z^6 - 3273 s^4 - 11970 s^2 z^2 - 5985 z^4 + 2986 s^2 + 5250 z^2 - 853) \\ \quad \sqrt{1188726} z + \frac{1}{5146} ug(s) (240 s^2 z + 120 z^3 - 114 z) \sqrt{1188726} \\ \quad - \frac{30}{2573} \left( \frac{d}{ds} ug(s) \right) \sqrt{1188726} \left( s^2 + z^2 - \frac{19}{20} \right) z s - \frac{60}{2573} ug(s) \sqrt{1188726} s^2 z \\ \quad - \frac{30}{2573} ug(s) \sqrt{1188726} \left( s^2 + z^2 - \frac{19}{20} \right) z \Big) \bar{e}_{\phi} + \left( \eta \left( \frac{1}{s} \left( -\frac{120}{2573} \sqrt{1188726} z^2 s \right. \right. \right. \end{array} \right. \quad (39)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{60}{2573} \sqrt{1188726} \left( s^2 + z^2 - \frac{19}{20} \right) s - \frac{60}{2573} s^3 \sqrt{1188726} + \frac{1}{5146} s (240 s^2 \\
& + 360 z^2 - 114) \sqrt{1188726} \Big) - \frac{1}{s} \left( -\frac{60}{2573} \sqrt{1188726} z^2 s \right. \\
& - \frac{30}{2573} \sqrt{1188726} \left( s^2 + z^2 - \frac{19}{20} \right) s - \frac{1}{5146} (360 s^3 + 2 (120 z^2 \\
& - 114) s) \sqrt{1188726} + s \left( -\frac{60}{2573} \sqrt{1188726} z^2 - \frac{60}{2573} \sqrt{1188726} s^2 \right. \\
& \left. \left. - \frac{30}{2573} \sqrt{1188726} \left( s^2 + z^2 - \frac{19}{20} \right) - \frac{1}{5146} (1080 s^2 + 240 z^2 - 228) \sqrt{1188726} \right) \right) \Big) \Big) \bar{e}_z
\end{aligned}$$

> *#For Taylor ODE - attempt to solve analytically, only possible for a few specific magnetic fields*

> *# Taylor's ODE is  $\alpha * \text{diff}(u(s)/s, s) + \beta * \text{diff}(u(s)/s, s) = G$ , So we calculate all the coefficients, so we can formulate the ODE*

> **SetCoordinates(cylindrical[s, phi, z]);**

*cylindrical<sub>s, φ, z</sub>*

(40)

> **alpha\_integrand := s^2 \* B\_cyl[1]^2;**

$$\alpha\_integrand := \frac{415800}{2573} s^4 \left( s^2 + z^2 - \frac{19}{20} \right)^2 z^2$$

(41)

> **alpha := simplify(int(int(alpha\_integrand, phi=0..2\*Pi), z=-sqrt(1-s^2)..sqrt(1-s^2)));**

$$\alpha := -\frac{198}{2573} s^4 \pi \sqrt{-s^2 + 1} (640 s^6 - 1808 s^4 + 1703 s^2 - 535)$$

(42)

> **beta\_integrand := simplify(s \* (2 \* B\_cyl[1]^2 + s \* DotProduct(B\_cyl, Gradient(B\_cyl[1]))));**

$$\begin{aligned}
\beta\_integrand := & -\frac{623700}{2573} \left( s^6 + \left( z^2 - \frac{133}{60} \right) s^4 + \left( -z^4 - \frac{19}{30} z^2 + \frac{1333}{900} \right) s^2 - z^6 \right. \\
& \left. + \frac{19}{12} z^4 - \frac{37}{100} z^2 - \frac{19}{72} \right) s^3
\end{aligned}$$

(43)

> **beta := simplify(int(int(beta\_integrand, phi=0..2\*Pi), z=-sqrt(1-s^2)..sqrt(1-s^2)));**

$$\beta := -\frac{198}{2573} s^3 \pi \sqrt{-s^2 + 1} (7680 s^6 - 17440 s^4 + 12456 s^2 - 2689)$$

(44)

> **G\_integrand1 := simplify(CrossProduct(Curl(Curl(CrossProduct(u\_cyl, B\_cyl))), B\_cyl)[2]);**

$$G\_integrand1 := \frac{1737540882000}{6620329} \left( s^{12} + \left( \frac{476}{201} z^2 - \frac{4628}{1005} \right) s^{10} + \left( \frac{1189}{201} z^4 - \frac{4529}{402} z^2 \right) \right)$$

(45)

$$\begin{aligned}
& + \frac{512113}{60300} \Big) s^8 + \left( \frac{2384}{201} z^6 - \frac{1662}{67} z^4 + \frac{923588}{45225} z^2 - \frac{2408299}{301500} \right) s^6 + \left( \right. \\
& - \frac{1284091}{72360} z^2 + \frac{21801737}{5427000} + \frac{2275}{201} z^8 - \frac{33863}{1005} z^6 + \frac{3261827}{90450} z^4 \Big) s^4 + \left( - \frac{109136}{5025} z^4 \right. \\
& - \frac{27626}{27135} + \frac{980}{201} z^{10} - \frac{1330}{67} z^8 + \frac{54854}{1809} z^6 + \frac{1667068}{226125} z^2 \Big) s^2 + \frac{175}{201} \left( z^4 \right. \\
& \left. - \frac{19}{10} z^2 + \frac{5}{6} \right)^2 \left( z^4 - \frac{57}{50} z^2 + \frac{1}{6} \right) \Big) s
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \textbf{> G\_integrand2 := simplify(CrossProduct(Curl(B\_cyl), Curl} \\
& \textbf{(CrossProduct(u\_cyl, B\_cyl)))[2]);} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad G\_integrand2 := 0 \qquad \qquad \qquad (46)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \textbf{> G\_integrand3 := simplify(CrossProduct(Curl(Laplacian(B\_cyl)),} \\
& \textbf{B\_cyl)[2]);} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad G\_integrand3 := 0 \qquad \qquad \qquad (47)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \textbf{> G\_integrand4 := simplify(CrossProduct(Curl(B\_cyl), Laplacian} \\
& \textbf{(B\_cyl)))[2]);} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad G\_integrand4 := 0 \qquad \qquad \qquad (48)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \textbf{> for idx from 1 to 4 do G||idx := simplify(int(int(-} \\
& \textbf{G\_integrand||idx*s, phi=0..2*Pi), z=-sqrt(1-s^2)..sqrt(1-s^2)))} \\
& \textbf{end do;} \\
& G1 := - \frac{66528}{86064277} s^2 \pi \sqrt{-s^2 + 1} (788582400 s^{12} - 3424588800 s^{10} + 5871698056 s^8 \\
& \quad - 5008127804 s^6 + 2183964721 s^4 - 440479243 s^2 + 28950670) \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad G2 := 0 \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad G3 := 0 \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad G4 := 0 \qquad \qquad \qquad (49)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \textbf{> G := add(G||idx, idx=1..4);} \\
& G := - \frac{66528}{86064277} s^2 \pi \sqrt{-s^2 + 1} (788582400 s^{12} - 3424588800 s^{10} + 5871698056 s^8 \\
& \quad - 5008127804 s^6 + 2183964721 s^4 - 440479243 s^2 + 28950670) \qquad \qquad \qquad (50)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \textbf{> taylor\_ode := simplify(alpha * diff(ug(s)/s,s,s) + beta * diff(ug} \\
& \textbf{(s)/s,s) - G);} \\
& taylor\_ode := - \frac{126720}{2573} \sqrt{-s^2 + 1} \left( \left( 10 s^7 - \frac{108}{5} s^5 + \frac{905}{64} s^3 - \frac{1619}{640} s \right) \left( \frac{d}{ds} ug(s) \right) \right. \\
& \quad + \left( -10 s^6 + \frac{108}{5} s^4 - \frac{905}{64} s^2 + \frac{1619}{640} \right) ug(s) + \frac{1}{21407360} s (s^2 - 1) \left( \right. \\
& \quad - 264963686400 s^{10} + 885698150400 s^8 + 21407360 s^5 \left( \frac{d^2}{ds^2} ug(s) \right) - 1087192396416 s^6 \\
& \quad \left. - 39068432 s^3 \left( \frac{d^2}{ds^2} ug(s) \right) + 595538545728 s^4 + 17895215 s \left( \frac{d^2}{ds^2} ug(s) \right) \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \right) \right) \qquad \qquad \qquad (51)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\left. \left. \left. -138273600528 s^2 + 9727425120 \right) \right) \right) \pi s$$

```
> #Solve Taylor's ODE for the geostrophic flow
```

```
> sol_taylor_ode := simplify(dsolve(taylor_ode)):
```

```
> sol_taylor_ode2 := simplify(subs(_C1=0, sol_taylor_ode)) :
```

```
> #Combine magnetostrophic and geostrophic flow and set angular momentum to zero
```

```
> u_total_cyl_t := simplify(u_cyl[2] + rhs(sol_taylor_ode2)):
```

```
> #calculate constant so the angular momentum is zero
```

```
> angular_momentum_t := int(int(int(u_total_cyl_t * s, phi = 0 .. 2*Pi), z = -sqrt(1-s^2) .. sqrt(1-s^2)), s = 0 .. 1):
```

```
>
```

```
> C_val_t := solve(Quadrature(int(int(u_total_cyl_t*s, phi = 0 .. 2*Pi), z = -sqrt(-s^2+1) .. sqrt(-s^2+1)),s=0..1,method=gaussian [50]),_C2):
```

```
> u_res_t := subs(_C2=C_val_t, sol_taylor_ode2) :
```

```
> plot(rhs(u_res_t), s=0..1, ) :
```

Warning, expecting only range variable s in expression

$$\begin{aligned} & -1/33449 * s * (-336 * \text{Int}((640 * s^4 - 1168 * s^2 + 535)^{(264/535)} * (788582400 * s^{10} \\ & - 2636006400 * s^8 + 3235691656 * s^6 - 1772436148 * s^4 + 411528573 * s^2 \\ & - 28950670) * s^{(1619/535)} / ((1/(s^2-1))^{(1/2)} * ((I * 21^{(1/2)} + 80 * s^2 \\ & - 73) / (I * 21^{(1/2)} - 80 * s^2 + 73))^{(304/1605 * I * 21^{(1/2)})}, s) * \text{Int}(1/s^{(2689/535)} / (640 * s^4 - 1168 * s^2 + 535)^{(799/535)} * (1/(s^2-1))^{(1/2)} * \\ & ((I * 21^{(1/2)} + 80 * s^2 - 73) / (I * 21^{(1/2)} - 80 * s^2 + 73))^{(-304/1605 * I * 21^{(1/2)})}, s) + 336 * \text{Int}((640 * s^4 - 1168 * s^2 + 535)^{(264/535)} * (788582400 * \\ & s^{10} - 2636006400 * s^8 + 3235691656 * s^6 - 1772436148 * s^4 + 411528573 * s^2 \\ & - 28950670) * s^{(1619/535)} * \text{Int}(1/s^{(2689/535)} / (640 * s^4 - 1168 * \\ & s^2 + 535)^{(799/535)} * (1/(s^2-1))^{(1/2)} * ((I * 21^{(1/2)} + 80 * s^2 - 73) / (I * \\ & 21^{(1/2)} - 80 * s^2 + 73))^{(-304/1605 * I * 21^{(1/2)})}, s) / (1/(s^2-1))^{(1/2)} \\ & * ((I * 21^{(1/2)} + 80 * s^2 - 73) / (I * 21^{(1/2)} - 80 * s^2 + 73))^{(304/1605 * I * 21^{(1/2)})}, s) - 33449 * \text{RootOf}(\text{Quadrature}(277200/2573 * s^2 * \text{Pi} * (-s^2+1)^{(7/2)} \\ & + 1164240/2573 * (-s^2+1)^{(5/2)} * \text{Pi} * s^4 - 1106028/2573 * s^2 * \text{Pi} * (-s^2+1)^{(5/2)} + 1940400/2573 * (-s^2+1)^{(3/2)} * \text{Pi} * s^6 - 3686760/2573 * (-s^2+1)^{(3/2)} * \text{Pi} * s^4 \\ & + 1617000/2573 * s^2 * \text{Pi} * (-s^2+1)^{(3/2)} + 1053360/2573 * s^8 * \text{Pi} * (-s^2+1)^{(1/2)} - 3024252/2573 * s^6 * \text{Pi} * (-s^2+1)^{(1/2)} + 2759064/2573 * s^4 * \text{Pi} * (-s^2+1)^{(1/2)} \\ & - 38909700480/33449 * s^2 * \text{Pi} * (-s^2+1)^{(1/2)} * \text{Int}(1/s^{(2689/535)} / (640 * s^4 - 1168 * s^2 + 535)^{(799/535)} * (1/(s^2-1))^{(1/2)} * ((I * 21^{(1/2)} + 80 * s^2 - 73) / (I * 21^{(1/2)} \\ & - 80 * s^2 + 73))^{(-304/1605 * I * 21^{(1/2)})}, s) * \text{Int}((640 * s^4 - 1168 * s^2 + 535)^{(264/535)} * s^{(1619/535)} / ((1/(s^2-1))^{(1/2)} * ((I * 21^{(1/2)} + 80 * s^2 - 73) / (I * 21^{(1/2)} \\ & - 80 * s^2 + 73))^{(304/1605 * I * 21^{(1/2)})}, s) + 553094402112/33449 * s^2 * \text{Pi} * (-s^2+1)^{(1/2)} * \text{Int}(1/s^{(2689/535)} / (640 * s^4 - 1168 * s^2 + 535)^{(799/535)} * (1/(s^2-1))^{(1/2)} * ((I * 21^{(1/2)} + 80 * s^2 - 73) / (I * 21^{(1/2)} \\ & - 80 * s^2 + 73))^{(-304/1605 * I * 21^{(1/2)})}, s) * \text{Int}((640 * s^4 - 1168 * s^2 + 535)^{(264/535)} * s^{(2689/535)} / ((1/(s^2-1))^{(1/2)} * ((I * 21^{(1/2)} + 80 * s^2 - 73) / (I * 21^{(1/2)} \\ & - 80 * s^2 + 73))^{(304/1605 * I * 21^{(1/2)})}, s) - 2382154182912/33449 * s^2 * \text{Pi} * (-s^2+1)^{(1/2)} * \text{Int} \end{aligned}$$

```

(1/s^(2689/535))/((640*s^4-1168*s^2+535)^(799/535)*(1/(s^2-1))^(
(1/2)*((I*21^(1/2)+80*s^2-73)/(I*21^(1/2)-80*s^2+73)))^(
(-304/1605*I*21^(1/2)).s)*Int((640*s^4-1168*s^2+535)^(264/535)*
s^(3759/535)/(1/(s^2-1))^(1/2)*((I*21^(1/2)+80*s^2-73)/(I*21^(
1/2)-80*s^2+73)))^(304/1605*I*21^(1/2)).s)+4348769585664/33449*
s^2*Pi*(-s^2+1)^(1/2)*Int(1/s^(2689/535)/(640*s^4-1168*s^2+535)^(
799/535)*(1/(s^2-1))^(1/2)*((I*21^(1/2)+80*s^2-73)/(I*21^(1/2)
-80*s^2+73)))^(304/1605*I*21^(1/2)).s)*Int((640*s^4-1168*
s^2+535)^(264/535)*s^(4829/535)/(1/(s^2-1))^(1/2)*((I*21^(1/2)
+80*s^2-73)/(I*21^(1/2)-80*s^2+73)))^(304/1605*I*21^(1/2)).s)
-3542792601600/33449*s^2*Pi*(-s^2+1)^(1/2)*Int(1/s^(2689/535)/
(640*s^4-1168*s^2+535)^(799/535)*(1/(s^2-1))^(1/2)*((I*21^(1/2)
+80*s^2-73)/(I*21^(1/2)-80*s^2+73)))^(304/1605*I*21^(1/2)).s)*
Int((640*s^4-1168*s^2+535)^(264/535)*s^(5899/535)/(1/(s^2-1))^(
1/2)*((I*21^(1/2)+80*s^2-73)/(I*21^(1/2)-80*s^2+73)))^(304/1605*
I*21^(1/2)).s)+1059854745600/33449*s^2*Pi*(-s^2+1)^(1/2)*Int
(1/s^(2689/535)/(640*s^4-1168*s^2+535)^(799/535)*(1/(s^2-1))^(
1/2)*((I*21^(1/2)+80*s^2-73)/(I*21^(1/2)-80*s^2+73)))^(
(-304/1605*I*21^(1/2)).s)*Int((640*s^4-1168*s^2+535)^(264/535)*
s^(6969/535)/(1/(s^2-1))^(1/2)*((I*21^(1/2)+80*s^2-73)/(I*21^(
1/2)-80*s^2+73)))^(304/1605*I*21^(1/2)).s)+4*s^2*Pi*(-s^2+1)^(
1/2)*Z+38909700480/33449*s^2*Pi*(-s^2+1)^(1/2)*Int((640*s^4
-1168*s^2+535)^(264/535)*s^(1619/535)*Int(1/s^(2689/535)/(640*
s^4-1168*s^2+535)^(799/535)*(1/(s^2-1))^(1/2)*((I*21^(1/2)+80*
s^2-73)/(I*21^(1/2)-80*s^2+73)))^(304/1605*I*21^(1/2)).s)/(1/
(s^2-1))^(1/2)*((I*21^(1/2)+80*s^2-73)/(I*21^(1/2)-80*s^2+73)))^(
304/1605*I*21^(1/2)).s)-553094402112/33449*s^2*Pi*(-s^2+1)^(
1/2)*Int((640*s^4-1168*s^2+535)^(264/535)*s^(2689/535)*Int(1/s^(
2689/535)/(640*s^4-1168*s^2+535)^(799/535)*(1/(s^2-1))^(1/2)*
(I*21^(1/2)+80*s^2-73)/(I*21^(1/2)-80*s^2+73)))^(304/1605*I*21^(
1/2)).s)/(1/(s^2-1))^(1/2)*((I*21^(1/2)+80*s^2-73)/(I*21^(1/2)
-80*s^2+73)))^(304/1605*I*21^(1/2)).s)+2382154182912/33449*s^2*
Pi*(-s^2+1)^(1/2)*Int((640*s^4-1168*s^2+535)^(264/535)*s^(
3759/535)*Int(1/s^(2689/535)/(640*s^4-1168*s^2+535)^(799/535)*
(1/(s^2-1))^(1/2)*((I*21^(1/2)+80*s^2-73)/(I*21^(1/2)-80*s^2+73)
))^(304/1605*I*21^(1/2)).s)/(1/(s^2-1))^(1/2)*((I*21^(1/2)+80*
s^2-73)/(I*21^(1/2)-80*s^2+73)))^(304/1605*I*21^(1/2)).s)
-4348769585664/33449*s^2*Pi*(-s^2+1)^(1/2)*Int((640*s^4-1168*
s^2+535)^(264/535)*s^(4829/535)*Int(1/s^(2689/535)/(640*s^4
-1168*s^2+535)^(799/535)*(1/(s^2-1))^(1/2)*((I*21^(1/2)+80*s^2
-73)/(I*21^(1/2)-80*s^2+73)))^(304/1605*I*21^(1/2)).s)/(1/(s^2
-1))^(1/2)*((I*21^(1/2)+80*s^2-73)/(I*21^(1/2)-80*s^2+73)))^(
304/1605*I*21^(1/2)).s)+3542792601600/33449*s^2*Pi*(-s^2+1)^(
1/2)*Int((640*s^4-1168*s^2+535)^(264/535)*s^(5899/535)*Int(1/s^(
2689/535)/(640*s^4-1168*s^2+535)^(799/535)*(1/(s^2-1))^(1/2)*
(I*21^(1/2)+80*s^2-73)/(I*21^(1/2)-80*s^2+73)))^(304/1605*I*21^(
1/2)).s)/(1/(s^2-1))^(1/2)*((I*21^(1/2)+80*s^2-73)/(I*21^(1/2)
-80*s^2+73)))^(304/1605*I*21^(1/2)).s)-1059854745600/33449*s^2*
Pi*(-s^2+1)^(1/2)*Int((640*s^4-1168*s^2+535)^(264/535)*s^(
6969/535)*Int(1/s^(2689/535)/(640*s^4-1168*s^2+535)^(799/535)*
(1/(s^2-1))^(1/2)*((I*21^(1/2)+80*s^2-73)/(I*21^(1/2)-80*s^2+73)
))^(304/1605*I*21^(1/2)).s)/(1/(s^2-1))^(1/2)*((I*21^(1/2)+80*
s^2-73)/(I*21^(1/2)-80*s^2+73)))^(304/1605*I*21^(1/2)).s)
-788172/2573*s^2*Pi*(-s^2+1)^(1/2).s = 0 .. 1,method = gaussian
[50])) to be plotted but found names [method, Quadrature,
gaussian[50]]

```

```
[> #numerical solution For Taylor's ODE
[> N := 50; # order of chebysev expansion
[> N := 50
[> M := N + 1 : # order of expansion including logarithmic term
[> with(orthopoly) :
```

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```
[> Taylor_chebsum := add(a_t||n*s*T(n, 2*s^2 - 1), n = 1 ..N) :
```

```
[> Taylor_numerical_approx := eval(Taylor_chebsum) + b_t*s*ln(s) :
[> # numerical expansion for geostrophic flow
[> G := add(G||idx, idx = 1 ..4) :
```

```
[> #Minimise the squared Residual of Taylor's ODE
[> Taylor_Residual := simplify(alpha * diff(Taylor_numerical_approx/s, s, s) + beta
[> * diff(Taylor_numerical_approx/s, s) - G) :
[> Int_Res_t := int(Taylor_Residual^2, s = 0 ..1) :
[> Int_Res2_t := collect(Int_Res_t, seq(a_t||i, i = 1 ..N), factor) :
[> Int_Res2_t := evalf(minimize(Int_Res2_t, seq(a_t||i, i = 1 ..N), b_t, location)) :
```

```
[> Solutionarray_t := {op(op(op(Int_Res2_t[2]))[1])} :
```

```
[> vars_t := [seq(a_t||i, i = 1..N), b_t]:
```

```
[> Solutionarray2_t := evalf(subs(Solutionarray_t, vars_t)) :
```

```
[> # calculate constant so angular momentum is zero
[> Taylor_numerical_app := Taylor_numerical_approx + s*Cst :
[> Taylor_ang_mom := evalf(int(int(int(expand(Taylor_numerical_app * s^2), phi = 0 .. 2 * Pi), z
[> = -sqrt(1 - s^2) .. sqrt(1 - s^2)), s = 0 .. 1)) :
[> for i from 1 to N do a_t||i := (Solutionarray2_t[i]) end do:
```

```
[> b_t := rhs(Solutionarray_t[M]);
[> b_t := -134.76597941691038862712945900466457474747036860964
```

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```
[> Taylor_C_value := solve(Taylor_ang_mom = 0):
```

```

[> Taylor_numerical_solution := subs(Cst = Taylor_C_value, Taylor_numerical_app) :
[> #Plot geostrophic flow solution
[> plot(Taylor_numerical_solution, s = 0 .. 1);

```

